Required Annual Federal Health Insurance Notices for Benefit Eligible Employees

General Notices

For the purposes of these notices, the Plan Administrator is Wellesley College. If you have any questions, contact Kelly Robinson, Human Resources at 781-283-3202.

SPECIAL ENROLLMENT RIGHTS

If you do not enroll yourself and your dependents in a group health plan after you become eligible or during annual enrollment, you may be able to enroll under the special enrollment rules under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA") that apply when an Individual declines coverage and later wishes to elect it. Generally, special enrollment is available if (i) you declined coverage because you had other health care coverage that you have now lost through no fault of your own (or employer contributions to your other health care coverage terminate); or (ii) you have acquired a new dependent (through marriage or the birth or adoption of a child) and wish to cover that person.

As long as you meet the necessary requirements, you can enroll both yourself and all eligible dependents in the group health plan if you provide notice to the Plan Administrator within 30 days after you lose your alternative coverage (or employer contributions to your alternative coverage cease) or the date of your marriage or the birth, adoption, or placement for adoption of your child. See the Plan Administrator for details about special enrollment.

CHIP

You may also enroll yourself and your dependents in a group health plan if you or one of your eligible dependent's coverage under Medicaid or the state Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) is terminated as a result of loss of eligibility, or if you or one of your eligible dependents becomes eligible for premium assistance under a Medicaid or CHIP plan. Under these two circumstances, the special enrollment period must be requested within 90 days of the loss of Medicaid/CHIP coverage or of the determination of eligibility for premium assistance under Medicaid/CHIP. See the Plan Administrator for details about special enrollment.

GRANDFATHERED STATUS

Wellesley College does not maintain any "grandfathered health plans" under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (the "Affordable Care Act").

SPECIAL RULE FOR MATERNITY AND INFANT COVERAGE

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the attending provider or physician, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn child more than 48 hours (or 96 hours, as applicable).

SPECIAL RULE FOR WOMEN'S HEALTH COVERAGE

The Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 ("WHCRA") requires group health plans, insurance issuers, and HMOs who already provide medical and surgical benefits for mastectomy procedures to provide insurance coverage for reconstructive surgery following mastectomies. This expanded coverage includes (i) reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed; (ii) surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance; and (iii) prostheses and physical complications at all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

NOTICE REGARDING LIFETIME AND ANNUAL DOLLAR LIMIT

In accordance with applicable law, none of the lifetime dollar limits and annual dollar limits under our medical plan(s) shall apply to "essential health benefits," as this term is defined under Section 1302(b) of the Affordable Care Act. The law defines "essential health benefits" to include, at a minimum, items and services covered within certain categories including emergency services, hospitalization, prescription drugs, rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices, and laboratory services, but currently provides little further information. Accordingly, a determination as to whether a benefit constitutes an "essential health benefit" will be based on a good faith interpretation by the Plan Administrator of the guidance available as of the date on which the determination is made.

PATIENT PROTECTION DISCLOSURE

You have the right to designate any participating primary care provider who is available to accept you or your family members (for children, you may designate a pediatrician as the primary care provider). For information on how to select a primary care provider and a list of participating primary care providers, contact the Plan Administrator. You do not need prior authorization from your medical plan or from any other person, including your primary care provider, to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional; however, you may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals.

For a list of participating health care professionals who specialize in obstetrics or gynecology, contact the Plan Administrator.

AFFORDABLE CARE ACT CONSUMER PROTECTIONS

The Affordable Care Act of 2010 prohibits our medical plans, or any insurer, from rescinding your health insurance coverage for misrepresentation.

NOTICE OF MARKETPLACE EXCHANGE

If this health insurance is not affordable (your cost of the premium exceeds 9.5% of your income) as defined under the Affordable Care Act, you may have the right to subsidized health insurance purchased through an exchange/marketplace created pursuant to the Affordable Care Act.

MICHELLE'S LAW

Michelle's Law provides for continued health and dental benefits for dependent children who are covered under our medical and/or dental plans as a student but lose their student status in a post-secondary school or college because they take a medically necessary leave of absence from school. If your child is no longer a student because he or she is out of school because of a medically necessary leave of absence, your child may continue to be covered under our medical plan for up to one year from the beginning of the leave of absence.

THE GENETIC INFORMATION NONDISCRIMINATION ACT (GINA)

GINA prohibits the Plan from discriminating against individuals on the basis of genetic information in providing any benefits under the Plan. Genetic Information includes the results of genetic tests to determine whether someone is at increased risk of acquiring a condition in the future, as well as an individual's family medical history.

WELLNESS

Our medical plans include a Wellness Program that provides rewards when you complete certain activities. You have the right to request a reasonable alternative should it be determined that it is not medically advisable for you to complete these activities.